

Using Multi-Objective Optimization to Explore Reservoir Operating Policies in the Colorado River Basin

**Elliot Alexander¹, Joseph Kasprzyk¹, Edith Zagona^{1, 2}, James Prairie³,
Carly Jerla⁴, and Alan Butler⁴**

[1] Civil Environmental and Architectural Engineering, University of Colorado, Boulder;

[2] Center for Advanced Decision Support for Water and Environmental Systems, University of Colorado, Boulder;

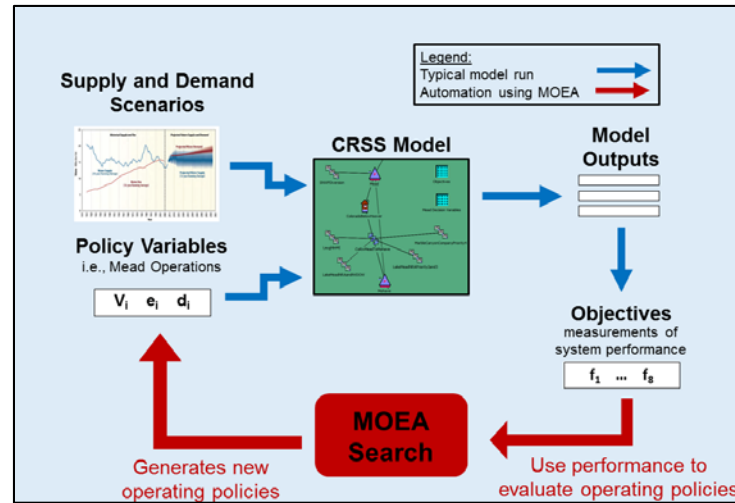
[3] Bureau of Reclamation, Upper Colorado Region;

[4] Bureau of Reclamation, Lower Colorado Region

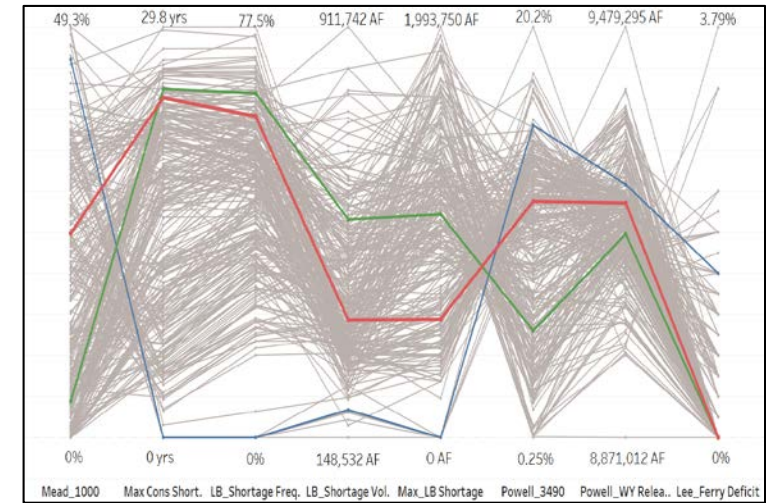
Agenda



Colorado River Policy



Methods

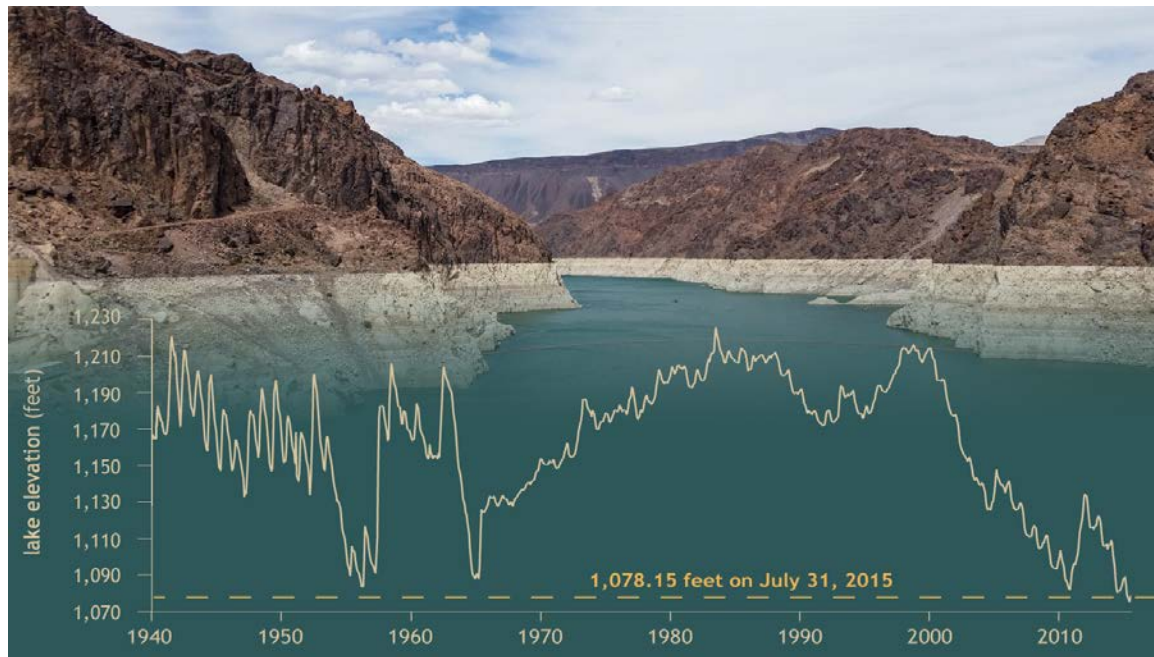


Preliminary Results

2007 Interim Guidelines Proposed Federal Actions

- The interim guidelines would be used by the Secretary to:

Determine explicit guidelines for shortage operation in Lake Mead (Shortage Guidelines).



The document is a 'Record of Decision' from the Department of the Interior, dated December 2007. It addresses the Colorado River Interim Guidelines for Lower Basin Shortages and the Coordinated Operations for Lake Powell and Lake Mead. The document includes the Department of the Interior seal and the title 'Record of Decision'. It lists the recommending official as Robert Johnson, Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation, and the approving official as Dirk Kempthorne, Secretary of the Department of the Interior. Both officials have signed the document, and the date 'December 13, 2007' is written next to their signatures.

THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR
WASHINGTON

Record of Decision

Colorado River Interim Guidelines for Lower Basin Shortages and the
Coordinated Operations for Lake Powell and Lake Mead

December 2007

Recommending Official:

Robert Johnson December 13, 2007
ROBERT JOHNSON Date
Commissioner, Bureau of Reclamation

Approved:

Dirk Kempthorne December 13, 2007
DIRK KEMPTHORNE Date
Secretary of the Department of the Interior

2007 Interim Guidelines Proposed Federal Actions

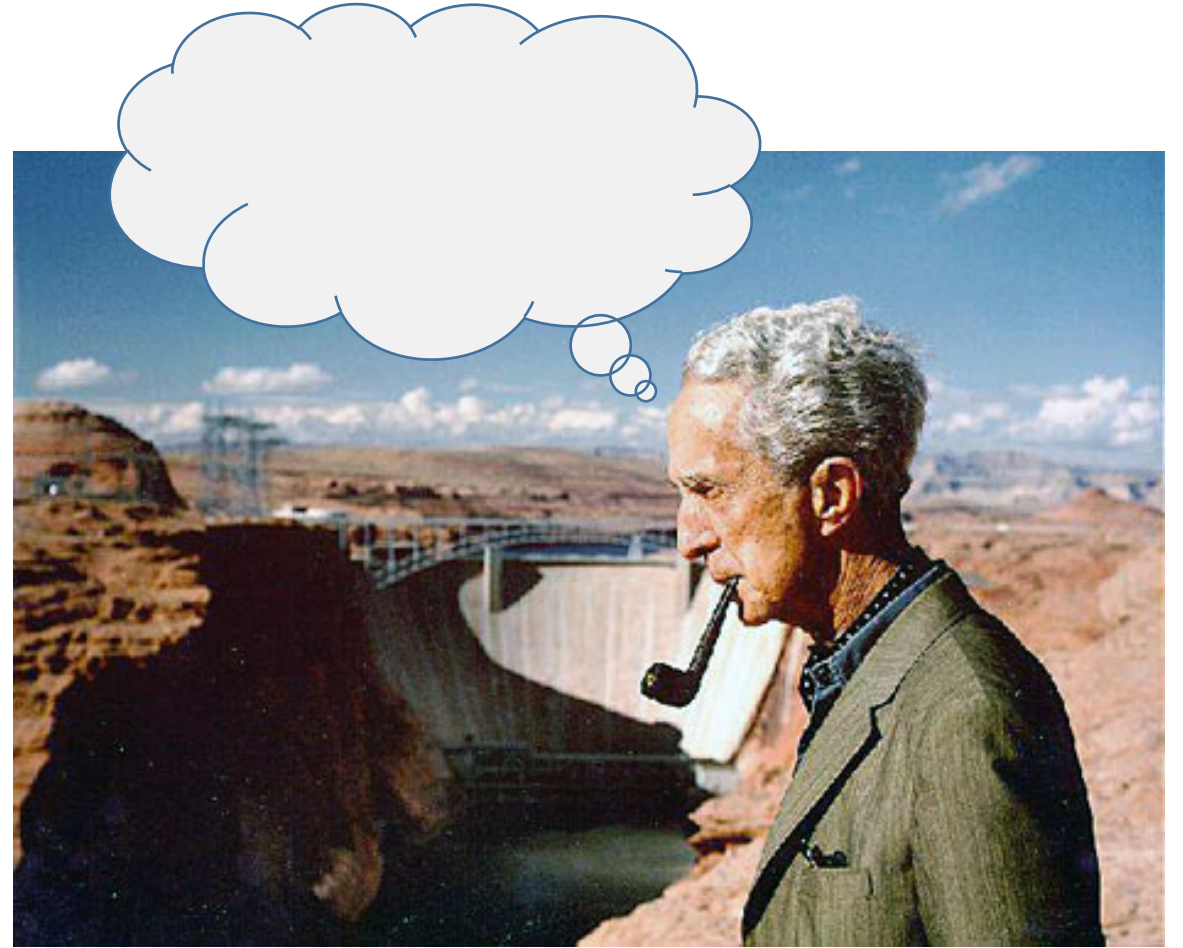
Lake Mead Elevation (feet msl)	No Action Alternative	Basin States Alternative	Conservation Before Shortage A lternative	Water Supply Alternative	Reservoir Storage Alternative	Preferred A lternative	Lake Mead Storage (maf)
1,220	Flood Control or 70R Surplus	Flood Control or 70R Surplus	Flood Control or 70R Surplus	Flood Control or 70R Surplus	Flood Control or 70R Surplus	Flood Control or 70R Surplus	25.9
1,200	Full Domestic Surplus (through 2016)	Domestic Surplus	Domestic Surplus	Full Domestic Surplus	Normal Operations	Domestic Surplus	22.9
1,145	Partial Domestic Surplus (through 2016)	Normal Operations	Normal Operations	Partial Domestic Surplus		Normal Operations	15.9
1,125	Normal Operations			Normal Operations			13.9
1,100	Shortage 80 percent Protection of elevation 1,050 feet msl	Shortage 333 kaf ¹	Voluntary Conservation	Normal Operations	Shortage 500 ¹ kaf	Shortage 333 kaf ¹	11.5
1,075					Shortage 667 ¹ kaf		9.4
1,050		Shortage 417 kaf ¹			Shortage 833 ¹ kaf	Shortage 417 kaf ¹	7.5
1,025		Shortage 500 kaf ¹ and Consultation ²			Shortage 1,000 ¹ kaf	Shortage 500 kaf ¹ and Consultation ²	5.8
1,000							Shortage Absolute Protection of elevation 1,000 feet msl
895							0

¹ These are amounts of shortage (i.e., reduced deliveries in the United States). As in the Draft EIS, the Final EIS includes modeling assumptions that identify water deliveries to Mexico pursuant to the 1944 Treaty.

² If Lake Mead falls below elevation 1,025, the Department will initiate efforts to develop additional guidelines for shortages at lower Lake Mead elevations.

Research Question

How can we inform the policy making process through searching a wide range of operating policies and quantify multiple basin resource performance metrics in an integrated framework?

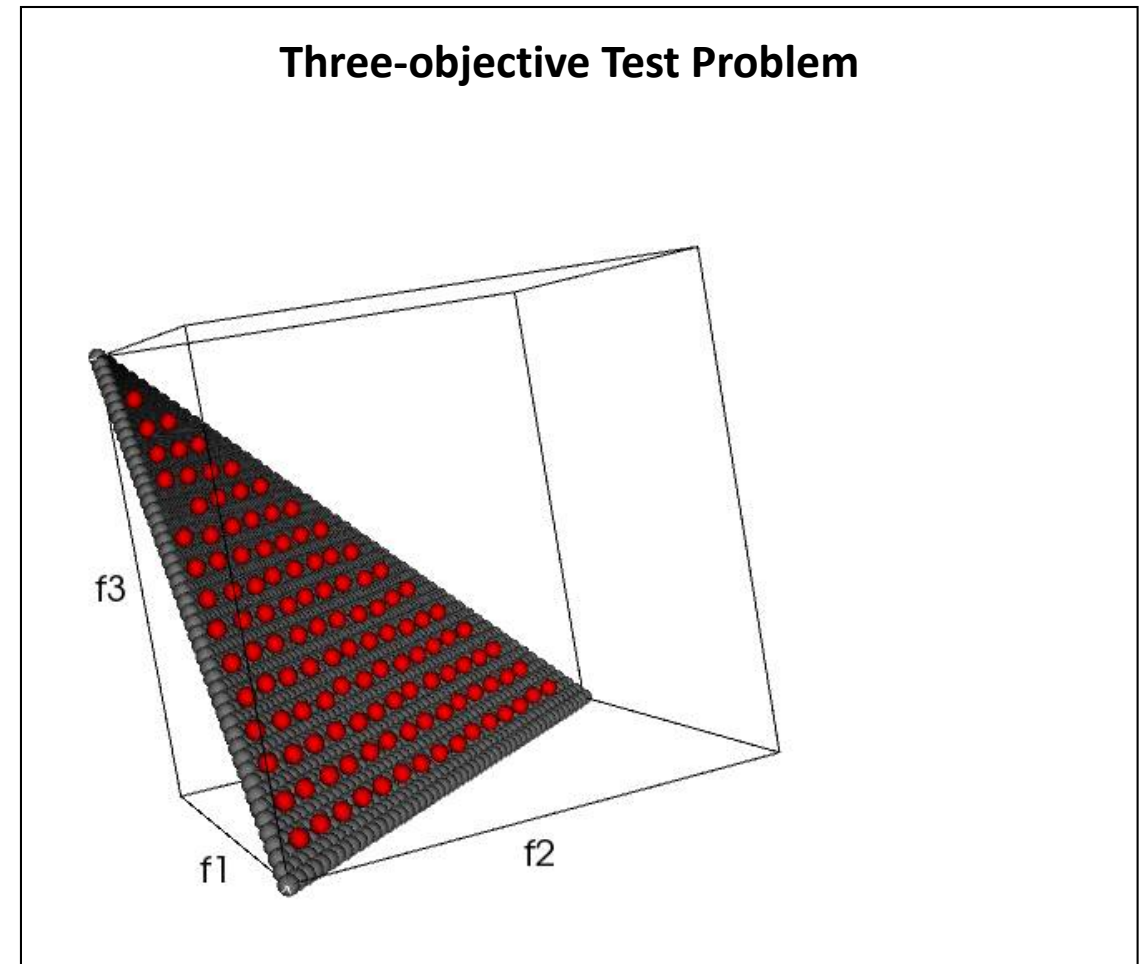


Multi-Objective Evolutionary Algorithm (MOEA)

- **Multi-objective:** Solves multiple objectives simultaneously
- **Evolutionary:** Uses a process similar to natural selection to 'evolve' new solutions (see fig.)
- **Borg-MOEA:** Tested on many problems in civil engineering
- **Borg-RW:** RiverWare is embedded within the Borg search loop via a “wrapper”

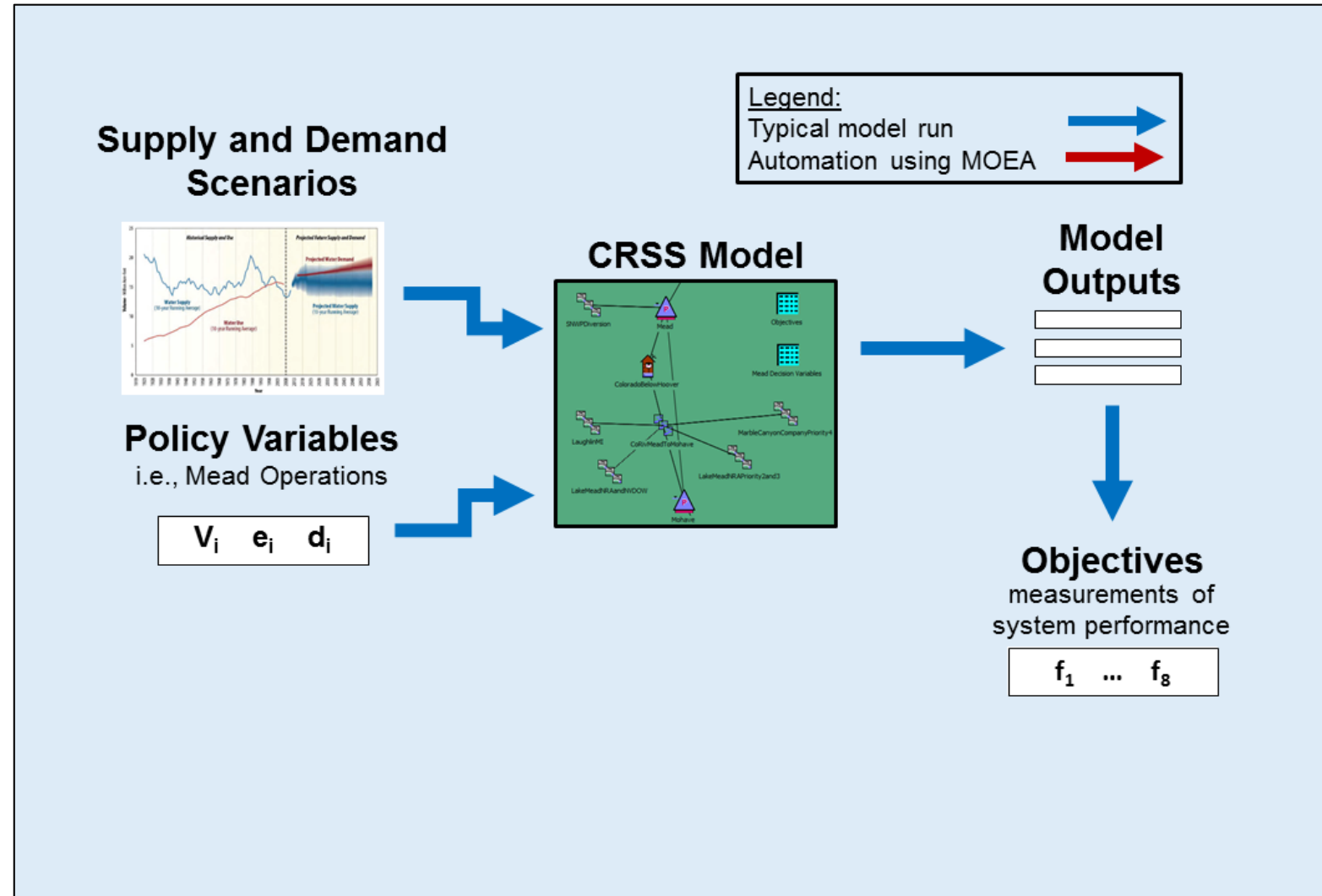
Multi-Objective Evolutionary Algorithm (MOEA)

- **Multi-objective:** Solves multiple objectives simultaneously
- **Evolutionary:** Uses a process similar to natural selection to 'evolve' new solutions (see fig.)
- **Borg-MOEA:** Tested on many problems in civil engineering
- **Borg-RW:** RiverWare is embedded within the Borg search loop via a “wrapper”

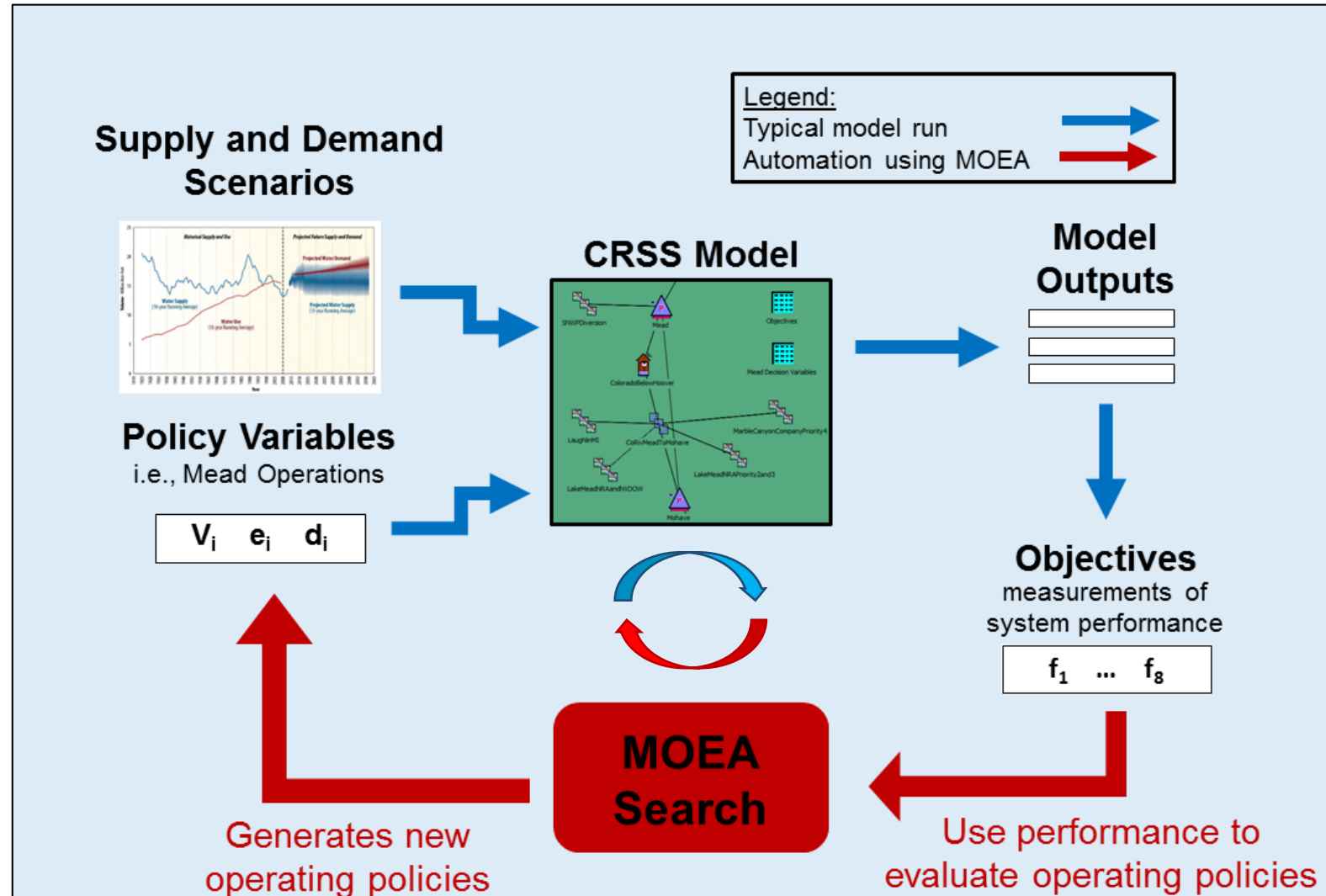


[Kasprzyk et al. 2016]

Coupling Colorado River Simulation System (CRSS) with Borg-MOEA



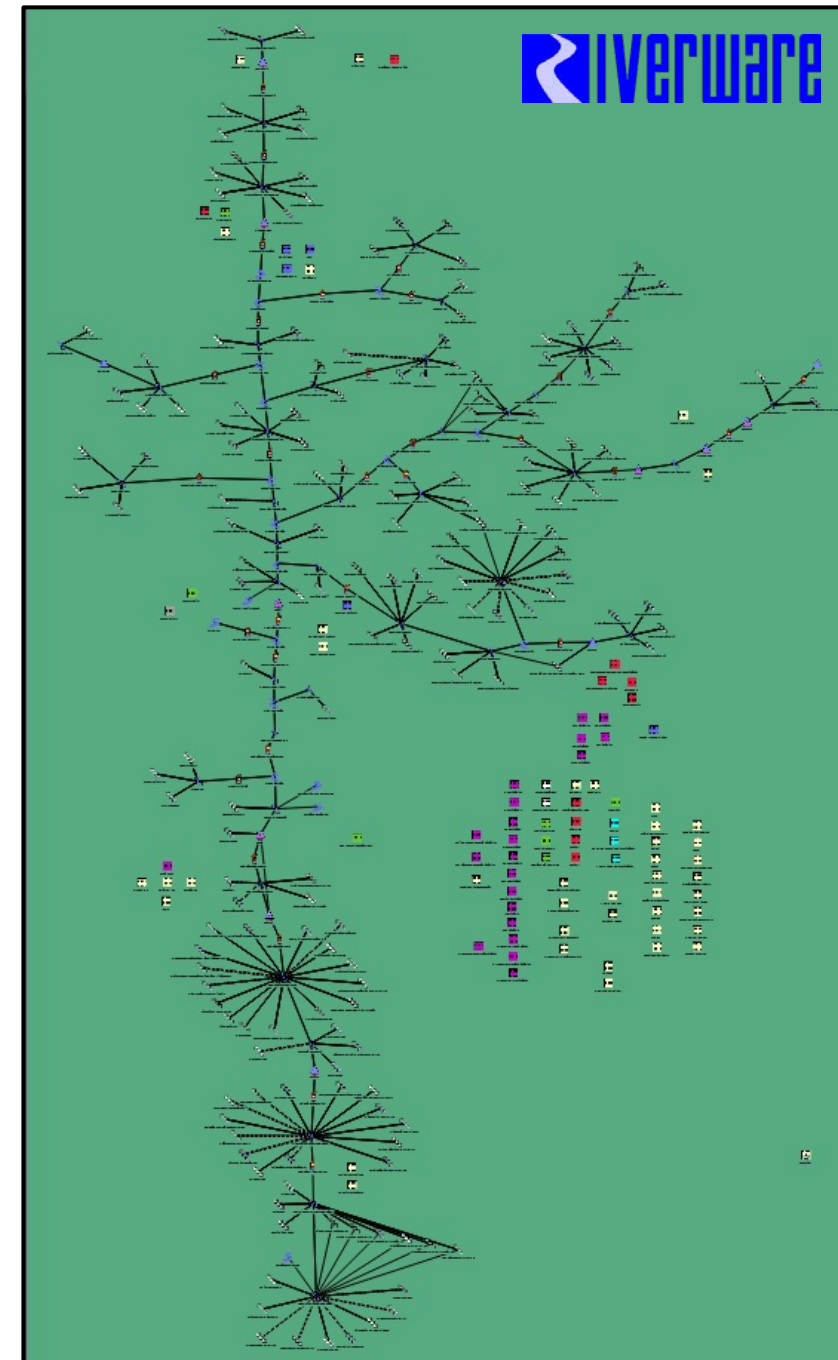
Coupling Colorado River Simulation System (CRSS) with Borg-MOEA



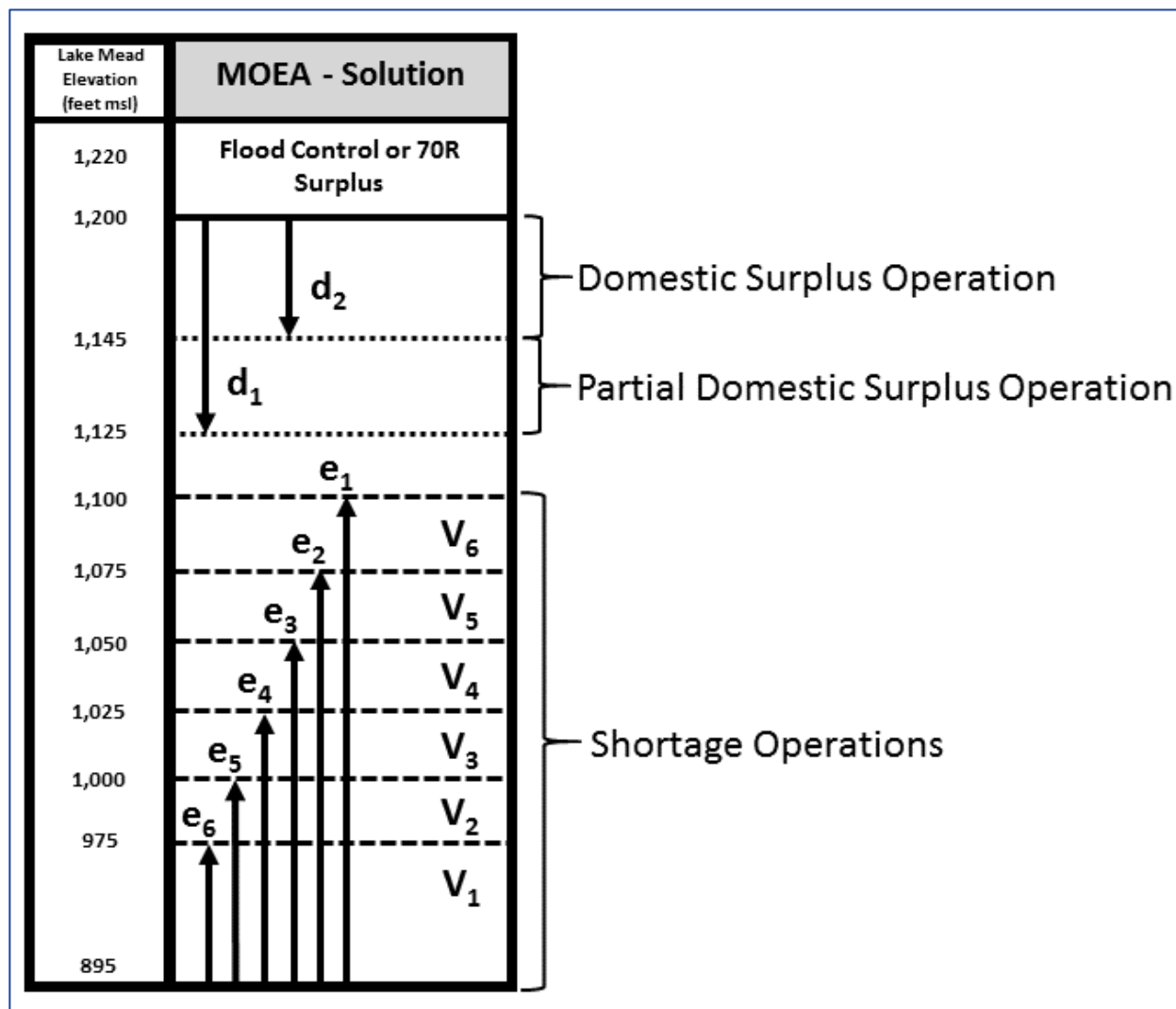
Colorado River Simulation System

Key Modeling Assumptions

- Simulation horizon is from 2017 to 2060.
- **Initial conditions** based on historical December, 2016 reservoir conditions
- **Input hydrology** is developed by resampling the observed natural flow record (1906-2012)
- **Upper Basin demands** are per the 2007 UCRC schedule
- **Lower Basin demands** are per the Interim Guidelines Final EIS
- **Lake Mead Operation:** is fixed throughout the simulation



New Operations: Policy Variables



Surplus Distance Variables: (d_{1-2})

- Sets Domestic and Partial Domestic surplus operation tiers for Lake Mead

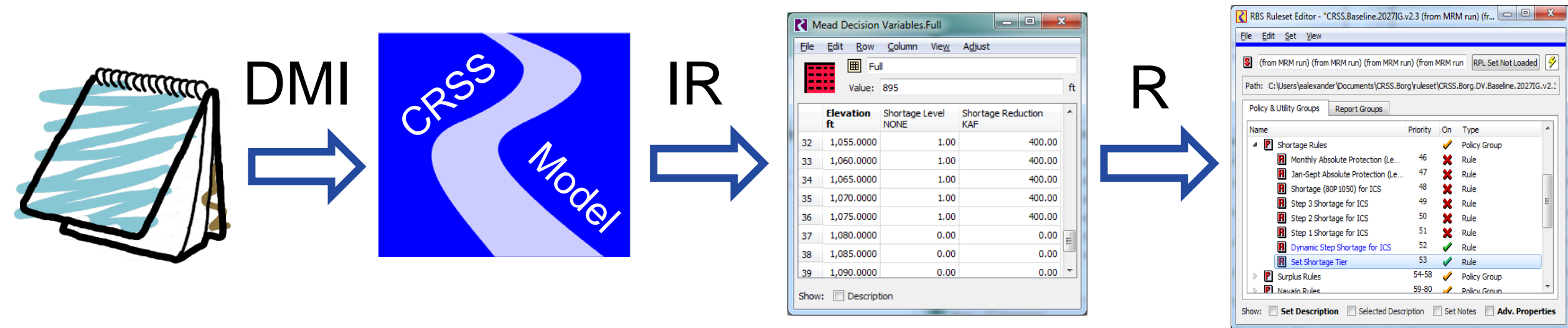
Shortage Elevation Variables: (e_{1-6})

- Modifies the size and number of shortage operation tiers for Lake Mead;
- Set up to 6 discrete shortage tiers

Shortage Volume Variables: (V_{1-6})

- Shortage reductions to US Lower Basin States and United Mexican States normal allocation;
- Volume ranges from 0 KAF to 2400 KAF

Policy Variables to Mead Operation



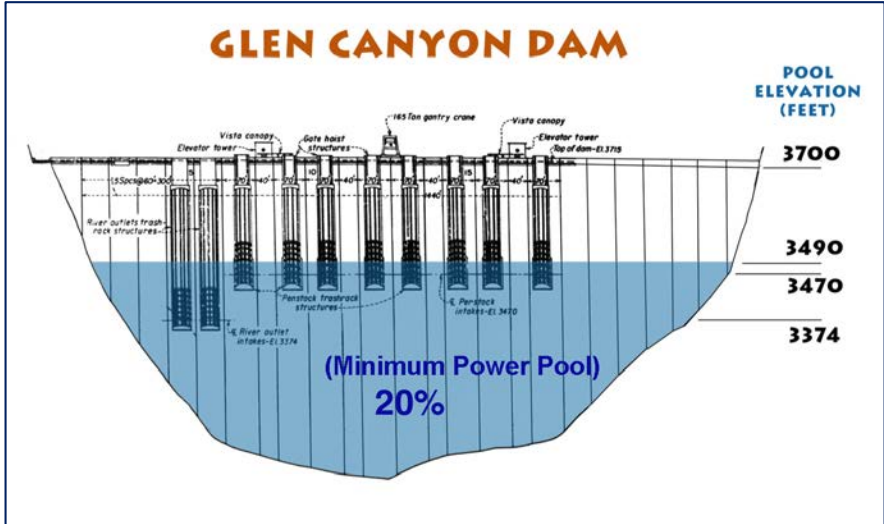
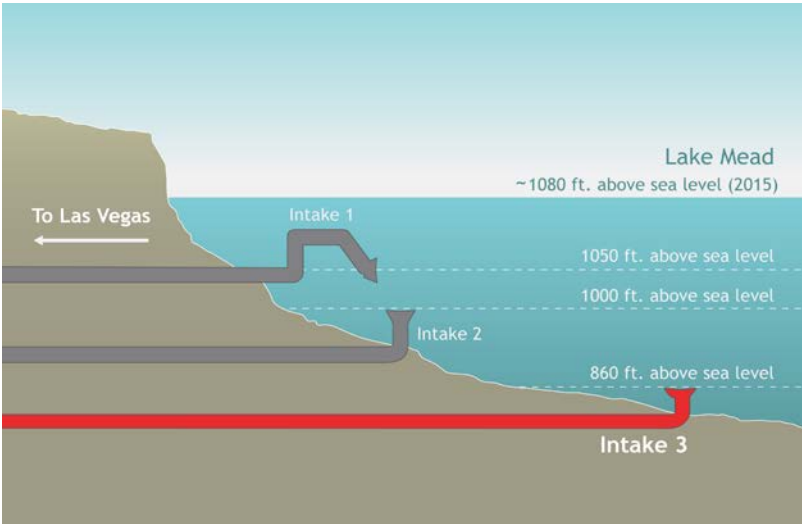
DMI = Data Management Interface

IR = Initialization Rule

R = Rules

Evaluating Operations: Objectives

Lower Basin Objectives		
Mead 1000	1	Minimize % of time that monthly Mead Pool Elevation is < 1,000'
LB Max Consecutive Shortage Duration	2	Minimize the maximum amount of consecutive years in a shortage condition
LB Shortage Frequency	3	Minimize % of time that the system is in an annual shortage condition
LB Shortage Volume	4	Minimize the cumulative average annual Lower Basin total shortage volume
Max Annual LB Shortage	5	Minimize the maximum annual Lower Basin policy shortage volume
Upper Basin Objectives		
Powell 3490	6	Minimize % of time that monthly Powell Pool Elevation is less than 3,490'
Powell WY Release	7	Minimize cumulative average annual Water Year release from Powell
Lee Ferry Deficit	8	Minimize % of time that annual 10 year compact volume falls below 75 maf



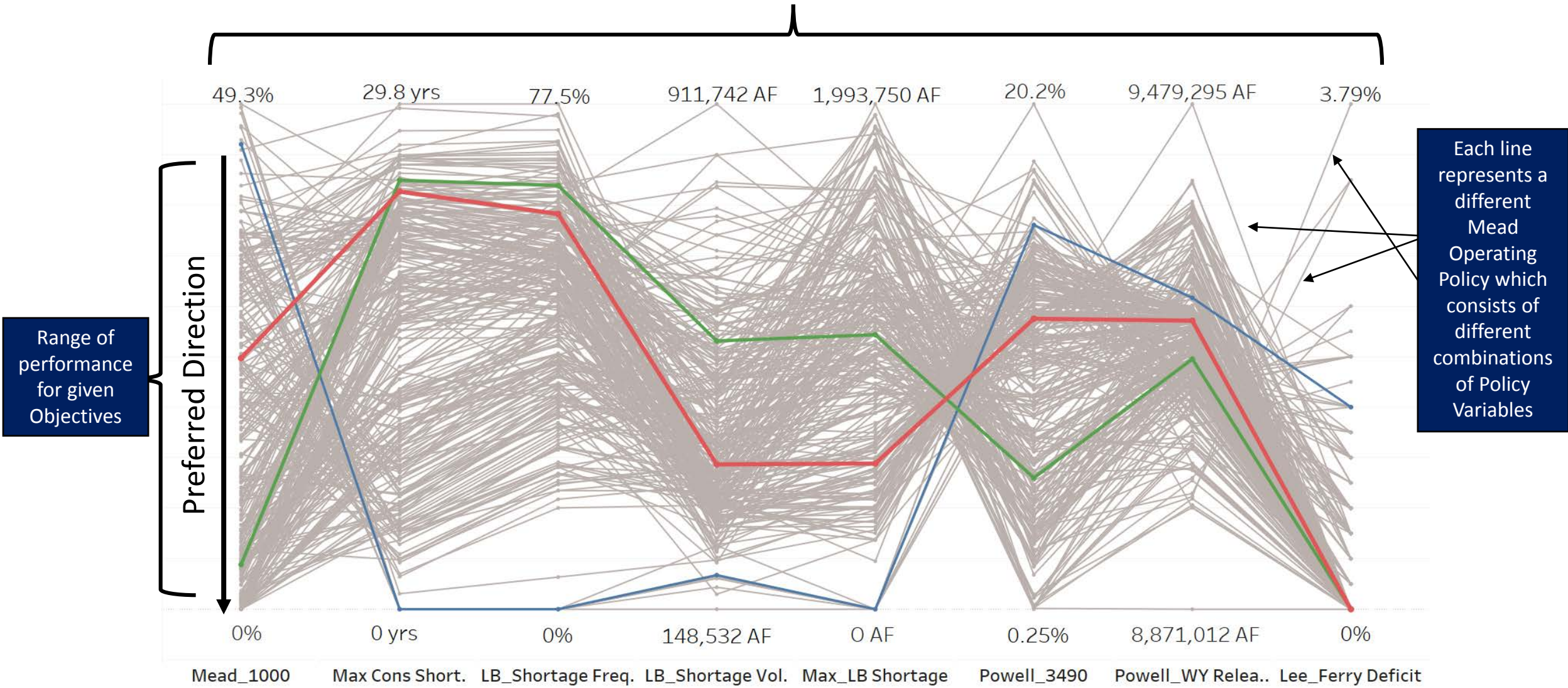
Evaluating Operations: Objectives

Lower Basin Objectives	
<i>Mead 1000</i>	1
<i>LB Max Consecutive Shortage Duration</i>	2
<i>LB Shortage Frequency</i>	3
<i>LB Shortage Volume</i>	4
<i>Max Annual LB Shortage</i>	5
Upper Basin Objectives	
<i>Powell 3490</i>	6
<i>Powell WY Release</i>	7
<i>Lee Ferry Deficit</i>	8

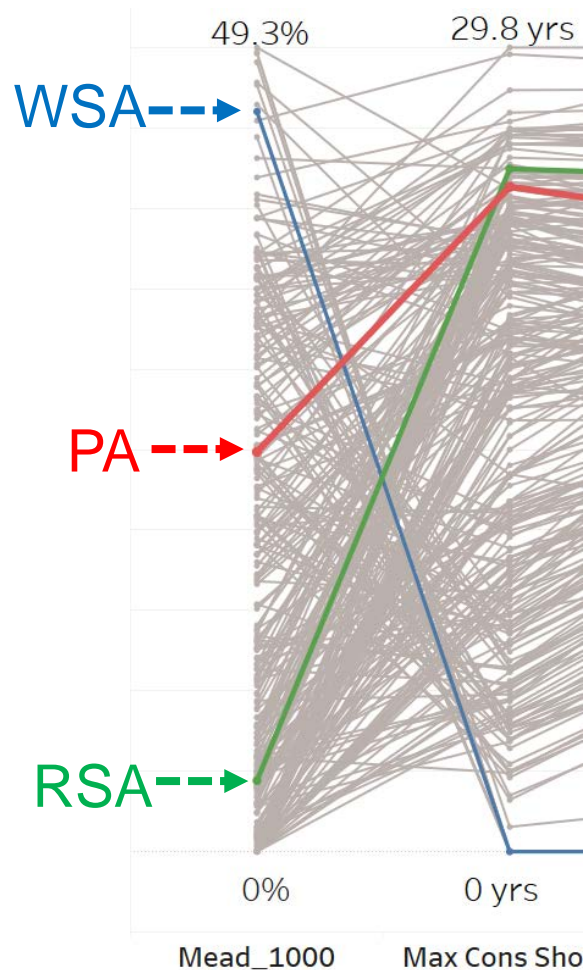


Results

Each column represents the 8 basin-wide objectives



Results: 2007 Interim Guidelines

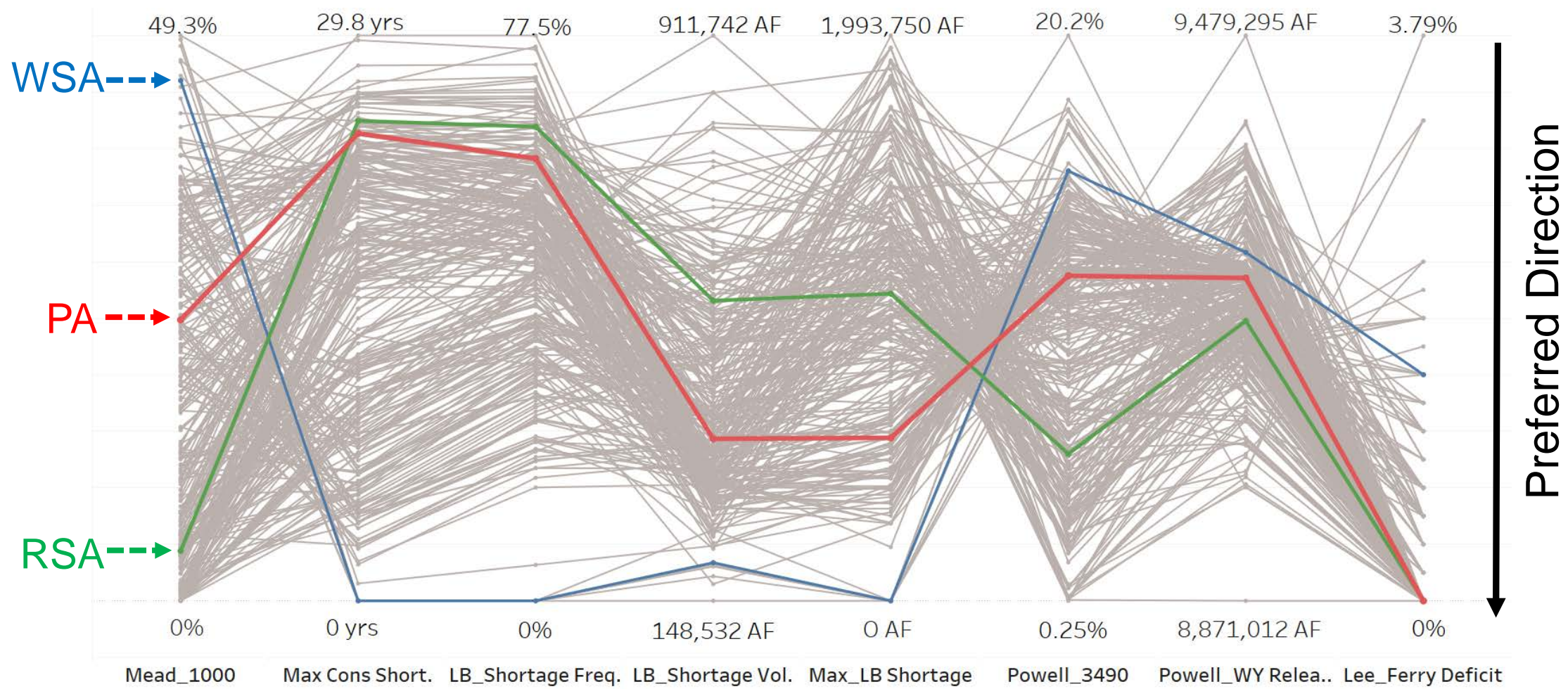


Water Supply Alternative (WSA) - policy that maximizes water deliveries at the expense of retaining water in storage in Mead and Powell

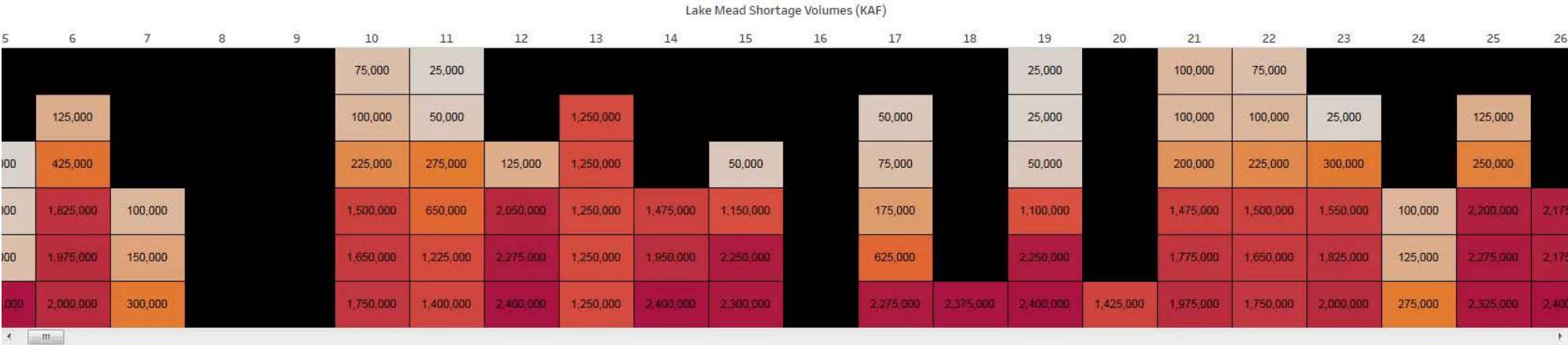
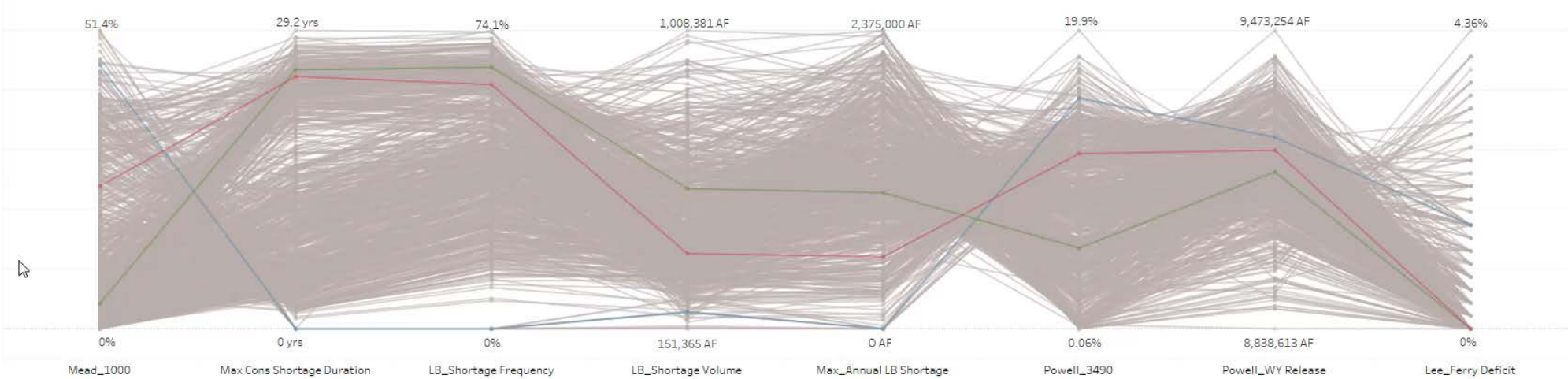
Preferred Alternative (PA) – recommended operating policy of Lake Mead and has less shortage reductions than RSA

Reservoir Storage Alternative (RSA) - policy that keeps more water in storage through increasing shortages volumes

Results: 2007 Interim Guidelines



Results: Interactive Visual Analytics



Conclusions

- Pairing a MOEA with CRSS is an effective tool to generate and evaluate operating policies.
- The MOEA-generated solutions explored a wider range of the solution space than the previously negotiated policies.
- Future work will evaluate the robustness of the MOEA-generated solutions through incorporating deep uncertainty with respect to a changing climate.

Thank you!



4

CU Boulder

Joseph Kasprzyk, Edith Zagona

CADSWES

Patrick Lynn

Bureau Of Reclamation

James Prairie, Carly Jerla, Alan
Butler, Rebecca Smith

Contact Info: ealexander@usbr.gov



Center for Advanced Decision Support for
Water and Environmental Systems (CADSWES)

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO **BOULDER**



Civil, Environmental and
Architectural Engineering

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO **BOULDER**



Citations

1. Department of the Interior. [Online]
Available at: https://www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/styles/featured_image__full_width/public/press-release/primary-images/lake_mead_colorado_river_bor_photo_0.jpg?itok=_U8C2oZS.jpg
2. Kennedy, C., 2015. Climate Challenge: What was the water level in Lake Mead at the end of July?. [Online]
3. U.S. Department of the Interior, 2007. *Colorado River Interim Guidelines for Lower Basin Shortages and the Coordinated Operations for Lake Powell and Lake Mead*, Washington: s.n.
4. United States Bureau of Reclamation , n.d. *Norman Rockwell Commissioned to Paint Glen Canyon Dam*. [Online]
Available at: https://www.usbr.gov/lc/phoenix/AZ100/1970/norman_rockwell.html
[Accessed 7 April 2017].
5. Kasprzyk, Joseph. "Many Objective Robust Decision Making For Environmental And Water Systems Under Uncertainty". 2016. Presentation.
6. Anon., 2007. Know Your Meme. [Online]
Available at: <http://knowyourmeme.com/memes/success-kid-i-hate-sandcastles>
[Accessed 2 11 2017].
7. Toolkit Climate. [Online]
Available at: https://toolkit.climate.gov/sites/default/files/CORiverSchematic_large.jpg
8. River Simulator. [Online]
Available at: <http://www.riversimulator.org/Resources/Graphs/GlenCanyonDamMinimumPowerPool.jpg>
9. The San Diego Union Tribune, 2015. Feds project Lake Mead below drought trigger point in 2017. [Online]
Available at: <http://www.sandiegouniontribune.com/news/drought/sdut-feds-project-lake-mead-below-drought-trigger-2015may18-story.html>
10. USGS, 2016. Glen Canyon River Outlet Tubes. [Online]
Available at: https://prd-wret.s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/assets/palladium/production/s3fs-public/11-23-2004_DSC_0011.jpg